

A guide to PCB surface finishes

Why do we need a Surface Finish?



Surface finish is necessary for 2 key reasons:

- To prevent oxidation of exposed copper surfaces which would lead to poor solderability/reliability
- To provide a reliable, solderable surface which acts as the connection between the PCB and the components

Hot Air Solder Level (HASL) Leaded



- Still most widely used finish
- Eutectic 63% tin/37% lead
- Molten solder applied to exposed copper and excess blown off with air "knives"
- 12 months' shelf life

- Poor surface planarity and variation not suited for surface mount and/or HDI
- Extremely aggressive thermal excursion and stresses on PCB
- Not ROHS compliant

Hot Air Solder Level (HASL) Lead Free



- Also widely used finish
- Variety of alloys Sn/Ag/Cu (SAC- most common), Sn/Cu/Co, Sn/Cu/Ni/Ge
- Same equipment/process but different solder pot
- Better thickness control and variation than leaded HASL
- ROHS compliant
- 12 months' shelf life

- Surface planarity and variation still not suited for surface mount and/or HDI
- Due to higher temperatures, even more aggressive thermal excursion and stresses on PCB

Immersion Silver FINELINE

- Metallic finish
- Very flat and planar surface
- Ideal for surface mount, BGA etc
- Al wire bondable
- 6 12 months' shelf life

- Sensitive to handling
- Tarnishing

Organic Solderability Preservative - OSP

FINELINE

- Protects copper until assembly
- Very thin coating
- Suitable for both dip tank and conveyorised processing
- Good planarity for surface mount and HDI
- Low cost

- 6 months' or less shelf life
- Very sensitive to handling issues poor solderability
- Usually requires aggressive flux/cleaning
- Issues with multiple assembly process steps

Electroless Nickel Immersion Gold – ENIG

FINELINE

- Nickel immersion barrier layer
- Gold "flash" protecting nickel from oxidation
- Very flat and planar surface
- Ideal for fine pitch surface mount, BGA etc
- Excellent contact resistance and lifecycle e.g. keypads
- 12 months' shelf life

- Not gold wire bondable
- Many processing steps
- "Skip plating" issue/galvanic effect

Immersion tin

- Strong copper/tin intermetallic
- Lubricating properties assist with pressfit
- Fine grain, non-porous and excellent chemical resistance

- 6 months' shelf life
- Unpleasant chemistry with carcinogenic substance Thiourea
- Handling issues
- Potential for tin whisker growth over time short circuits

Electrolytic Nickel Gold (Hard or soft bondable)



- Can be applied in varying thicknesses
- Gold can be deposited in varying degrees of hardness depending on application
- 12 months' shelf life
- Good planarity
- Al wire bondable.
- Au wire bondable (soft only)

- Undercut of copper under nickel creates overhang and potential for flaking/shorts
- Expensive
- Not good for high frequency due to skin effect

Electroless Nickel, Electroless Palladium, Immersion Gold – ENEPIG

FINELINE

- Forms excellent joint with SAC solders (lead free)
- Palladium barrier layer eliminates nickel corrosion issues (black pad)
- Al wire bondable
- Au wire bondable
- 12 months shelf life

- Palladium does not form strong bond with leaded solders
- Many processing steps
- Expensive

Immersion Silver Immersion Gold – ISIG

FINELINE

- Nickel free excellent for high speed applications
- Excellent planarity so ideal for fine pitch SMT, BGA etc
- Very high conductivity
- Ductile so ideal for flex
- Al wire bondable
- Au wire bondable

- Very expensive
- Few suppliers have capability, most are sub contracted
- 6 months' shelf life

Surface finish comparison summary



Туре	Planarity	Solderability	Al Wire bondable	Au Wire bondable	Relative cost adder
HASL	POOR	GOOD	NO	NO	1.0
LFHASL	FAIR	GOOD	NO	NO	1.0
OSP	GOOD	GOOD	NO	NO	1.0
IMMAg	GOOD	GOOD	YES	NO	1.1
IMMSn	GOOD	GOOD	NO	NO	1.1
ENIG	GOOD	GOOD	YES	NO	1.1
ENEPIG	GOOD	GOOD	YES	NO	2.5
ElecAu	GOOD	POOR	YES	YES	3.5
ISIG	GOOD	GOOD	YES	YES	6

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